



**RedList**

**ICOM**



# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK



**ICOM** international  
council  
of museums

# Main regulations protecting cultural heritage from Southeast Europe

This list is non-exhaustive. All instruments and regulations should be read to include eventual amendments and/or implementation acts.

## INTERNATIONAL INSTRUMENTS

**The Hague Convention of 14 May 1954**  
*for the Protection of Cultural Property in the Event of Armed Conflict.*

Ratification: Romania (1958)

Accession: Bulgaria (1956), Albania (1960), Republic of Moldova (1999)

Notification of succession: Croatia, Slovenia (1992)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (1993) – North Macedonia (1997)  
Serbia (2001) – Montenegro (2007)

**First Protocol (14 May 1954)**

Ratification: Romania (1958)

Accession: Bulgaria (1958), Albania (1960), Republic of Moldova (1999)

Notification of succession: Croatia, Slovenia (1992)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (1993) – North Macedonia (1997)  
Serbia (2001) – Montenegro (2007)

**Second Protocol (26 March 1999)**

Ratification: Bulgaria (2000) – Croatia, Romania (2006)

Accession: North Macedonia, Serbia (2002) – Slovenia (2004)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (2009)

Notification of succession: Montenegro (2007)

**UNESCO Convention of 14 November 1970**  
*on the Means of Prohibiting and Preventing the Illicit Import, Export and Transfer of Ownership of Cultural Property.*

Ratification: Bulgaria (1971) – Republic of Moldova (2007)

Accession: Romania (1993) – Albania (2002)

Notification of succession: Croatia, Slovenia (1992)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (1993) – North Macedonia (1997)  
Serbia (2001) – Montenegro (2007)

**UNESCO Convention of 16 November 1972 concerning**  
*the Protection of the World Cultural and Natural Heritage.*

Ratification: Albania (1989) – Republic of Moldova (2002)

Acceptance: Bulgaria (1974) – Romania (1990)

Notification of succession: Croatia, Slovenia (1992)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (1993) – North Macedonia (1997)  
Serbia (2001) – Montenegro (2006)

**UNIDROIT Convention of 24 June 1995**  
*on Stolen or Illegally Exported Cultural Objects.*

Ratification: Romania (1998) – Croatia (2000)

Accession: Slovenia (2004) – North Macedonia (2013)  
Bosnia and Herzegovina (2017) – Montenegro (2019)

**UNESCO Convention of 2 November 2001**  
*on the Protection of the Underwater Cultural Heritage.*

Ratification: Bulgaria (2003) – Croatia (2004)

Montenegro, Slovenia (2008) – Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina (2009)

Acceptation: Romania (2007)

## EUROPEAN UNION REGULATIONS

**Directive 2014/60/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council**  
**of 15 May 2014 on the return of cultural objects unlawfully removed**  
**from the territory of a Member State.**

**Council Regulation (EC) No 116/2009 of 18 December 2008**  
**on the export of cultural goods.**

**Regulation (EU) 2019/880 of the European Parliament**  
**and of the Council of 17 April 2019 on the introduction and the import**  
**of cultural goods.**

## NATIONAL REGULATIONS

### ALBANIA

Law No. 9048 on Cultural Heritage (7 April 2003).

### BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

General Framework Agreement for Peace in Bosnia and Herzegovina  
(Dayton Peace Agreement), Annex 8 – Agreement on the Commission  
for the Preservation of National Monuments (1995).

Decision of Presidency of Bosnia and Herzegovina  
on the Commission to Preserve National Monuments (2001).

Criteria of the Commission to Preserve National Monuments  
for designation of the property as national monuments (2002/2003).

### BULGARIA

Cultural Heritage Act (13 March 2009).

### CROATIA

Act on the Protection and Preservation of Cultural Objects  
(25 June 1999).

### MONTENEGRO

Protection of Cultural Heritage Act (2010).

### NORTH MACEDONIA

Law on Protection of Cultural Heritage (13 March 2004).

### REPUBLIC OF MOLDOVA

Law No. 262 on Museums (7 December 2007).

Law No. 280 regarding the protection of national movable  
cultural heritage (27 December 2011).

### ROMANIA

Constitution (1991).

Law No. 182 regarding the protection of the movable national  
cultural heritage (25 October 2000).

Law No. 422 regarding the protection of historical monuments (18 July 2001).

Law No. 311 regarding museums and public collections (8 July 2003).

Government Ordinance No. 43 on the protection of archaeological heritage  
(30 January 2000).

### SERBIA

Law No. 72 on Culture (2009).

Law No. 71 on Cultural Property (1994).

Law No. 6 on Archival Materials and Archiving (2020).

Law No. 52 on Old and Rare Library Materials (2011).

Law No. 35 on Museum Activities (2021).

Criminal Code (2005).

### SLOVENIA

Cultural Heritage Protection Act, ZVKD-1 (2008).

Return of Unlawfully Removed Objects of Cultural Heritage Act,  
ZVOPKD (2003).

Rules on the Procedure for Issuing Export and Transfer Licenses  
for Objects of Cultural Heritage (2011).

# RED LIST

## OF SOUTHEAST EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK

### Why a Red List for Southeast Europe?

The cultural heritage of Southeast Europe is protected by strong national and international laws, but this diverse heritage is still at risk of being stolen, looted or illegally traded. The purpose of this *Red List of Southeast European Cultural Objects at Risk* is to contribute to the protection of cultural heritage by identifying the type of objects that are most at risk.

Museums, auction houses, art dealers and collectors are urged not to acquire objects similar to those presented in this Red List, without having carefully and thoroughly researched their origin and all the relevant legal documentation. Any cultural artefact that could have originated from this region should be subject to detailed scrutiny and precautionary measures before any transaction is concluded.

In cooperation with a dedicated team of specialists from Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Republic of Moldova, Romania, Serbia, and Slovenia, ICOM has published this *Red List of Southeast European Cultural Objects at Risk* thanks to the support of the ICOM Foundation.

### Protecting cultural heritage

Every day, somewhere in the world, cultural objects are either stolen, looted or illegally sold on the market or online, resulting in an irreparable loss of heritage of great historical and scientific value. Over the past 30 years, the illicit trade in art and antiquities has become a serious issue which transcends borders and whose impact reaches far beyond the loss of cultural heritage.

Since 2000, ICOM has published Red Lists that detail categories of endangered cultural goods from all over the world. These Red Lists have become important instruments in the fight against the illicit traffic in cultural goods. Red Lists are practical tools that help art and heritage professionals, and law enforcement officials, identify cultural objects that are protected by national and international legislation.

The ICOM Red Lists were preceded by the *One Hundred Missing Objects* series: an ICOM publication that highlighted missing cultural objects. For decades, ICOM has been at the forefront of actions to protect heritage from illicit trafficking, using the unique experience of museum professionals to assist heritage and non-heritage experts alike identify and protect cultural heritage.

**Should you suspect that a cultural object originating from Southeast Europe may be stolen, looted or illegally exported, contact your local authorities. Should you require further information or assistance, please contact:**

International Council of Museums (ICOM)  
15, rue Lasson - Paris 75012 - France  
Tel.: +33 1 47 34 05 00  
E-mail: [illicit-traffic@icom.museum](mailto:illicit-traffic@icom.museum)

## IMPORTANT NOTE

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### A Red List is NOT a list of stolen objects.

The cultural goods depicted are inventoried objects within the collections of recognised institutions. They serve to illustrate the categories of cultural goods protected by legislation which are most vulnerable to illicit traffic.

ICOM wishes to thank all of the institutions and people who so generously provided the photographs presented in the *Red List of Southeast European Cultural Objects at Risk*.



# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE

All museums are accredited in the captions with their full names or acronyms. Where acronyms are used, please see their full names in the following list:

**AMI:** Archaeological Museum of Istria, Croatia

**MKS:** Slovene Museum of Christianity

**MPU:** Museum of Applied Art, Serbia

**NAMT:** National Archaeological Museum of Tirana, Albania

**NMENHM:** National Museum of Ethnography and Natural History of Moldova

**NMHM:** National Museum of History of Moldova

**NHM:** National Museum of History, Bulgaria

**NMS:** National Museum of Slovenia

**PMB:** Posavje Museum Brežice, Slovenia

**PMPO:** Regional Museum Ptuj – Ormož, Slovenia

**PRAM:** Plovdiv Regional Archaeological Museum, Bulgaria

## THE RED LIST INCLUDES THE FOLLOWING CATEGORIES:

### Writing and Maps

### Classical Antiquity to Modern Era

Archival documents, ancient documents, incunabula and early printed books, manuscripts and miniatures, maps, rare books; on paper, parchment, metal, and wood; handwritten, carved, and printed, in Latin, and Cyrillic script.



1. Paper manuscript of Mihail Strelbički, Dubăsari, Republic of Moldova, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 21.5 x 16.5 cm. © National Library of the Republic of Moldova

2. Octoechos (tones 5-8), illustrated incunabulum printed in Cetinje, Montenegro, fragments preserved at Dečani Monastery, 15<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 26.7 x 20 cm. © National Library of Serbia

3. Stemmatagraphia copperplate book, carboard covered in leather, Vienna, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 21 x 17 cm. © Matica Srpska Library, Novi Sad, Serbia



4. School certificate, Celje, Slovenia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 34.3 x 21.5 cm. © Slovenian School Museum

5. Paper map of the Slovenian Land and its Provinces by Peter Kosler, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 68.5 x 63.1 cm (map 54.2 x 49.9 cm). © Kočevje Regional Museum, Slovenia/Tomaž Lauko

6. Wooden wax tablet with Latin text, Rosia Montană, Romania, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 14.3 x 10.5 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

7. Bronze Roman military diploma, Gherla, Romania, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 14.7 x 11.7 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

# EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK

## Fine Art

15<sup>th</sup> – 20<sup>th</sup> century AD

Drawings, engravings, paintings, photographs, and sculptures; in oil, pencil, or charcoal; on canvas, glass, paper, or in stone.



8

8. "Female nude-Aphrodite", oil on canvas by Paja Jovanović, Belgrade, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 63 x 81 cm. © Belgrade City Museum



9

9. Engraving representing historical character by Theodor Aman, Romania, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 27.5 x 22 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie



10

10. Charcoal drawing, "Painter in the Studio (Painter with the model)", on paper by Sava Šumanović, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 21.8 x 30 cm.  
© The Gallery of Matica Srpska, Novi Sad



11

11. "Kino-Roman", collage and colour pencil drawing, by Avgust Černigoj, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 23.9 x 18.7 cm. © Slovenian Theatre Institute – Theatre Museum



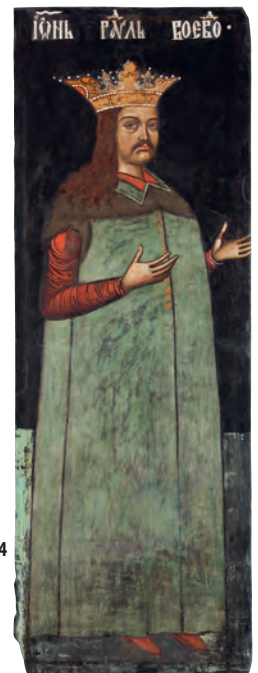
12

12. "The Kiss", sculpture in stone of Marna by Constantin Brâncuși, Romania, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 28 x 26 x 21.5 cm, 24 kg. © Craiova Art Museum



13

13. Self-portrait of Janez Avguštin Puhar, photograph on glass, Slovenia, 19<sup>th</sup> AD, 12 x 10 cm. © NMS



14

14. Fresco of Radu the Great, by Dobromir from Târgoviște, Curtea de Argeș, Romania, 15<sup>th</sup>-16<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 229 x 85 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE

## Archaeology – Vessels

5<sup>th</sup> millennium BC – 4<sup>th</sup> century AD

Containers and vessels; plain and painted; in clay, glass, metal; from various eras and civilisations.



15



16



17



18

15. Rhyton, partially gilded silver, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, 5<sup>th</sup>–4<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 20.6 x Ø 8.4 cm. © PRAM

16. Bronze hydria, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, 5<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 45 x Ø 30.5 cm. © PRAM

17. Roman clay goblet, Doclea, Montenegro, 1<sup>st</sup>–4<sup>th</sup> c. AD, Ø 6.2 cm (Ø 2 cm base, Ø 7.3 cm middle) x 6.9 cm. © PI Museums and Galleries Podgorica

18. Clay pyxis, Vardarski Rid, North Macedonia, 3<sup>rd</sup>–2<sup>nd</sup> c. BC, 25.5 cm. © Museum of Gevgelija



19



20



21



22



23

19. Clay plate, Doclea, Montenegro, 1<sup>st</sup>–4<sup>th</sup> c. AD, Ø 35.5 cm (Ø 10 cm centre rosette) x 5 cm. © PI Museums and Galleries Podgorica

20. Neolithic painted bowl with figurines, Sultana, Romania, 5<sup>th</sup>–4<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, Ø 30 cm. © "Teoharie Antonescu" County History Museum, Giurgiu

21. Clay or metal Roman oil lamps, Serbia, 1<sup>st</sup>–4<sup>th</sup> c. AD, approx. 5/20 x 3/10 cm. © Belgrade City Museum

22. Roman glass bottle, Ptuj, Slovenia, 3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, 22 cm. © PMPO

23. Cucuteni-Trypillia clay amphora with lid, Moldavia, 5<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 48 cm x Ø 34.5 cm (lid: 12 cm x Ø 15 cm). © NMHM

24. Silver cylindrical pixida, Pula, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup>–2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 7.5 x 4.6 x 4.6 cm. © AMI

25. Roman glass funerary urn, Durrës, Albania, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 41 x 18 cm. © NAMT



24



25



# EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK

## Archaeology – Natural History and Sculpture

*Pre-history – 3<sup>rd</sup> century AD*

Fossils; architectural elements, figures, figurines, sculptures, statues and statuettes; in ceramic and clay, glass, marble, metal, or organic materials; from various eras and civilisations.



26



27



28



29

**26.** Ceramic female figurine, Sarajevo, 5<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 11.3 cm.  
© National Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina

**27.** Ceramic head figurine, Sarajevo, 5<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 6.5 cm.  
© National Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina

**28.** Roman marble portrait, Apoloni (Fier), Albania, 2<sup>nd</sup>-3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, 40 cm. © NAMT

**29.** Ceramic anthropomorphic figurine, Shtoj (Shkodra), Albania, 3<sup>rd</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> millennium BC, 9.7 x 17.7 cm. © NAMT



30



31



32



33

**30.** Terracotta clay figurine, Vardarski Rid, North Macedonia, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. BC, 25.8 cm.  
© Museum of Gevgelija

**31.** Bronze figurine, Moldova, 4<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 17 cm. © NMHM

**32.** Neolithic bone Gumelnița female figurine, Siliște, Teleorman County, Romania, 5<sup>th</sup>-4<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 9.5 x 3 cm. © Teleorman County Museum

**33.** Roman carved amber figurine, Alburnus Maior (today Roșia Montană), Romania, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 3 x 3.5 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Eugen Silviu Teodor

# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE

## Archaeology – Natural History and Sculpture (continued)



34



35



36



37

**34.** Neolithic Cucuteni burned clay feminine figurine, Drăgușeni, Romania, 5<sup>th</sup>-4<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 23 x 7 cm. © Botoșani County Museum

**35.** Late Neolithic clay anthropomorphic statuette of Vinča culture, Serbia, 5<sup>th</sup> millennium BC, 11.9 cm. © Belgrade City Museum

**36.** Silver bronze statuette, Doclea, Montenegro, 1<sup>st</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 7 cm. © PI Museums and Galleries Podgorica

**37.** Bronze bull figurine, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 4.8 x 5.3 x 1.9 cm. © AMI



38



39



40



41



42

**38.** Roman bronze statuettes, Serbia, 2<sup>nd</sup>-3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, approx. 8.2/16.5 cm. © Belgrade City Museum

**39.** White marble grave stele with inscription, Veles, North Macedonia, 3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, 87 x 57 x 9 cm. © Museum of the Republic of North Macedonia

**40.** Egyptian head relief, Pula, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 12.3 x 12.8 x 4 cm. © AMI

**41.** Limestone architrave fragment, Apoloni (Fier), Albania, 6<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 170 x 36 cm. © NAMT

**42.** Pycnodontiform fish fossil, Istria, Croatia, Cretaceous period, 73 x 60 x 2 cm. © Natural History Museum Rijeka



# EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK

## Archaeology – Accessories and Jewellery

7<sup>th</sup> century BC – 8<sup>th</sup> century AD

Accessories, decorations, instruments, and jewellery; including bracelets, earrings, necklaces, pins, and rings; in glass, organic materials and metals (including bronze, gold and silver); occasionally with precious stones.



43

43. Bronze, silver, gold Roman fibulae with/without decoration, Serbia, 2<sup>nd</sup>-4<sup>th</sup> c. AD, approx. 5.5 cm. © Belgrade City Museum



44

44. Bronze musical instrument (sistrum) with depiction of a panther, Nesactium, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 7.9 x 5.5 x 1.1 cm. © AMI



45

45. Bronze pendant decoration for female costume, Mat, Albania, 7<sup>th</sup>-6<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 51 cm. © NAMT



46

46. Bronze pyxis pendant, Gevgelija, North Macedonia, Iron Age, 14 cm. © Museum of Gevgelija



47

47. Glass paste beads, Kruja, Albania, 7<sup>th</sup>-8<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 54 cm. © NAMT



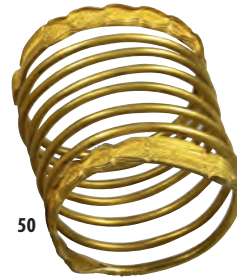
48

48. Silver torque, Shipka, Bulgaria, 2<sup>nd</sup>-1<sup>st</sup> c. BC, Ø 14 cm, cross-section 0.5 cm. © NHM



49

49. Bronze bracelet with crossed edges, Kuç i zi (Korça), Albania, 7<sup>th</sup>-6<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 12 cm. © NAMT



50

50. Large multi-spiral golden bracelet, Grădiștea Muncelului, Romania, 1<sup>st</sup> c. BC-1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 682.30-1196.03 g. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie



52

52. Gold eagle shaped appliques, inlaid with almonds and tourmalines, Apahida, Romania, 5<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 11.50 x 5.30 cm, 11.60 x 5.20 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie



53

53. Gold coin pendant (front and back), Moldova, 270-275 AD, Ø 2.3 cm (hanging ring 0.4 x 0.8 cm), 6.23 g. © NMHM



51

51. Gold necklace, with green stones, Medulin, Croatia, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 72 cm. © AMI

# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE



54



55



56



57



58



59



60



61

54. Gold earrings with amethyst, Medulin, Croatia, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 1.6 x 1.4 cm. © AMI

55. Gold earrings with cone, Medulin, Croatia, 2<sup>nd</sup>-3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, 1.6 x 0.8 cm. © AMI

56. Gold drop earrings, Nesactium, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 2.1 x 0.8 cm. © AMI

57. Gold earrings with chalcedony, Bulgaria, 3<sup>rd</sup> c. AD, Ø 5.25/4.5 cm. © NHM

58. Gold signet-ring, Shipka, Bulgaria, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. BC, 2.6 cm x Ø 1.95 cm. © NHM

59. Silver ring with gem, Medulin, Croatia, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 2.7 x 2.5 cm. © AMI

60. Amber Roman ring, Ptuj, Slovenia, 2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, Ø 3.31 cm, cross-section 0.5-1.81 cm, head 2.0 x 1.5 cm. © PMPO

61. Black and white onyx cameo, Croatia, 1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 2.4 x 1.9 x 0.6 cm. © AMI

## Archaeology – Militaria and Tools

3<sup>rd</sup> Millennium BC – 8<sup>th</sup> century AD

Armour, knives, tools, and weapons.



62



63



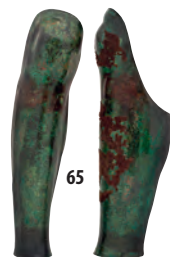
67



68



64



65



66



69



70

62. Illyrian bronze helmet, Činamak (Kukës), Albania, 5<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 24 cm. © NAMT

63. Bronze dagger with incised decoration, Vajžë (Vlora), Albania, 3<sup>rd</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> millennium BC, 38 cm. © NAMT

64. Bronze armour, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, 5<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 43 x 35.6 cm. © NHM

65. Bronze greaves, Blagoevgrad, Bulgaria, 4<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 42.5 x 11.9 cm. © NHM

66. Iron Thracian sword, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, 3<sup>rd</sup> c. BC, 114 cm, 1.2 cm thick. © NHM

67. Silver-iron helmet-mask, Plovdiv, Bulgaria, 1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, 19 x 21 cm. © PRAM

68. Iron shield umbo with griffin and vegetal motifs, Piatra Roşie, Romania, 1<sup>st</sup> c. BC-1<sup>st</sup> c. AD, Ø 41.8 cm.

© National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

69. Socketed axe, Predgrad, Slovenia, 12<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 16.6 x 3.8 cm.

© Kočevje Regional Museum, Slovenia

70. Bronze and gold fitting of a sword scabbard with garnets, Zmajevac, Croatia, First half 5<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 4.7 x 2.5 cm. © Archaeological Museum in Zagreb



# EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK

## Applied Art

16<sup>th</sup> – 20<sup>th</sup> century AD

Antique furniture and household ornaments, costumes and accessories, ethnographic objects, jewellery, rugs, textiles, and vessels.



71



72



73



74



75



76



77

**71.** Silver alloy buckle, Pirot, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 26 x 11 cm, 6.23 g.

© The Ethnographic Museum in Belgrade

**72.** Cross shaped pendant, Split, Croatia, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 10 x 7 cm.

© Ethnographic Museum (Zagreb)

**73.** Black velvet bodice, with silver or gold silk, Ponišavlje, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 39 cm.

© The Ethnographic Museum in Belgrade

**74.** Women's holiday blouse, Podoima, Moldova, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 112 x 61-67 cm.

© NMENHM

**75.** Woolen kilim, Pirot, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 320 x 238 cm.

© The Ethnographic Museum in Belgrade

**76.** Carpet with floral decorations, Camenca, Moldova, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 312 x 168 cm.

© NMENHM

**77.** Painted, floral, wooden dowry chest, Transylvania, Romania, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 132 x 56 x 51 cm.

© Museum of Ethnography Braşov



78



79



80



81



82

**78.** Russian Empire wooden travel chest, Moldova, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 68 x 98 x 55 cm.

© NMHM

**79.** Silver cup, Peč, Serbia, 16<sup>th</sup> c. AD, Ø 13 cm. © MPU

**80.** Stone vessel for oil, Kobdilj, Slovenia, 16<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 43.5 cm.

© Slovene Ethnographic Museum

**81.** Glazed, cream coloured potpourri vase by Žiga Zois factory, Ljubljana, Slovenia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 29.2 cm. © NMS

**82.** Soldier shaped beehive, Slovenia, 18<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 167 cm. © PMB



# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE

## Accessories and Tools

19<sup>th</sup> – 20<sup>th</sup> century AD

Clocks, stamps, signet rings, weapons and militaria (including guns, swords, military memorabilia and related items).



**83.** Investiture oriental sword with diamond on guard, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 100 x 14.8 x 3 cm.  
© National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

**84.** Jeferdar flintlock rifle, with wood, mother-of-pearl, silver, steel, inlay, damask, Boka Kotorska, Serbia, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 120.5 cm (pipe length 90 cm).  
© Historical Museum of Serbia

**85.** Gunpowder container, Velika Mlada, Croatia, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 36 x 16 cm.  
© Ethnographic Museum (Zagreb)

**86.** Commemorative medal, metal and textile, with inscription, Serbia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 3.3 x 5 cm. © Historical Museum of Serbia

**87.** Fiscal stamp with value of 27 coins (parale), Iași, Romania, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 2.2 x 2.3 cm.  
© National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

**88.** Travel clock, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 10 cm. © MPU

**89.** Iron signet ring, Serbia, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, Ø 2.8-3 cm. © Historical Museum of Serbia

## Numismatics

6<sup>th</sup> century BC – 13<sup>th</sup> century AD

Coins from various eras and civilisations; embossed with images; in bronze, gold, and silver.



**90.** Bronze coin, Pogradec, Albania, 12<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 2.6 x 2.5 cm.  
© Pogradec City Museum

**91.** Derrones coin with bull and eight-rayed star, North Macedonia, 5<sup>th</sup> c. BC, 0.042 x Ø 1.605 cm.  
© Institute for Protection of Cultural Monuments and Museums – Štip

**92.** Gold stater with Alexander the Great, Athena seated with inscription, Sarmizegetusa, Romania, 1<sup>st</sup> c. BC, 2 cm, 8.23 g.  
© Romanian Academy, Orghidan Collection/Dr. Emanuel Petac

**93.** Gold stater, with eagle and wreath, Roman consul accompanied by lictors, Sarmizegetusa, Romania, 1<sup>st</sup> c. BC, 1.8 cm, 8.29 g.  
© Romanian Academy, Orghidan Collection/Dr. Emanuel Petac

**94.** Gold Solidus with Constantine the Great, Victory and trophy, Sarmizegetusa, Romania, 4<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 1.9 cm, 4.30 g.  
© Romanian Academy, Orghidan Collection/Dr. Emanuel Petac

# EARLY CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK



95

**95.** Celtic tetradrachm, with head (obv.) and horse (rev.), silver, Serbia, 3<sup>rd</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> c. BC, 2.4 cm, 12.40 g. © Belgrade City Museum



96

**96.** Silver Roman denarius, with head (obv.) and seated figure (rev.), Serbia, 1<sup>st</sup>-2<sup>nd</sup> c. AD, 1.9 cm, 2.95 g. © Belgrade City Museum



97

**97.** Silver dinar, with two figures standing (obv.), and figure seated (rev.), Serbia, 13<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 2 cm, 1.75 g. © Belgrade City Museum



## Religious Objects

4<sup>th</sup> – 20<sup>th</sup> century AD

Cultural objects from Christianity, Judaism and Islam; icons featuring figures painted on glass, metal and wood; religious inspired art, including paintings and statues; religious texts; reliquaries; service artefacts including religious clothing.



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**98.** Saint Demetrius on horse, Bosnia and Herzegovina, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 32.5 x 25.5 x 1.5 cm. © National Gallery of Bosnia and Herzegovina

**99.** St. John the Baptist, tempera, wood, canvas, Skopje, North Macedonia, 14<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 125 x 95.5 x 4 cm. © Museum of the Republic of North Macedonia

**100.** Virgin Mary with Jesus, painted on glass, Transylvania, Romania, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 51 x 41.5 cm. © National Museum of Union, Alba Iulia

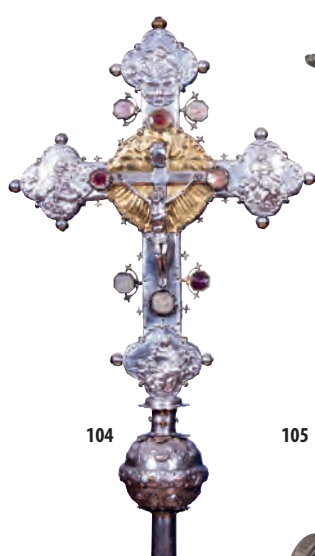
**101.** Jesus Christ, by Georgije Stojanović, tempera, wood, Belgrade (Nova Varoš), Serbia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 100 x 75 cm. © The Gallery of Matica Srpska, Novi Sad

**102.** Assumption, wood, tempera, and silver, Moldova, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 24.5 x 30.7 x 2.8 cm. © NMHM

**103.** Chalice by Jože Plečnik, Ljubljana, Slovenia, 20<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 24 cm. © MKS



# RED LIST OF SOUTHEAST EUROPE



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**104.** Venetian procession cross, Gorizia, Slovenia, 17<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 94 x 47 cm. © MKS

**105.** Brass, embossed, silver plated altar candlestick, Croatia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 60 x 16 cm.  
© Museum of Arts and Crafts, Zagreb

**106.** Brass, embossed, silver plated monstrance, Croatia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 24 x 13.5 cm.  
© Museum of Arts and Crafts, Zagreb

**107.** Stole, Slovenia, probably 17<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 21 x 220 cm.  
© Kočevje Regional Museum, Slovenia/Boris Farič

**108.** Orthodox priestly garment, representing Christian holidays, Bistrița Monastery, Eastern Romania, 15<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 143 x 21 cm.

© National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie



109



110



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**109.** Cubic-shaped silver reliquary with pyramidal lid, Lipnița-Izvoarele, Romania, 4<sup>th</sup>-6<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 7.6 x 6.1 x 6 cm.  
© National History and Archaeology Museum of Constanța

**110.** Baroque reliquary, gilt carved wood, Slovenia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 12.7 x 37.8 cm. © NMS

**111.** Bronze reliquary cross, Skopje, North Macedonia, 11<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 6.8 x 5.3 cm.  
© Museum of the City of Skopje



# EUROPEAN CULTURAL OBJECTS AT RISK



112



113



114



115



116

**112.** Embossed, chiselled, and engraved Hebrew silver scroll case, Portugal, 17<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 31.5 cm x Ø 6.2 cm, 285 g. © Jewish Historical Museum, Belgrade

**113.** Ottoman Qur'an in Arabic script, with leather cover, Serbia, 15<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 14.5 x 13 x 6 cm. © Ras Museum, Novi Pazar

**114.** Illuminated Jewish Haggadah Codex, Sarajevo, 14<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 16.5 x 22.8 cm. © National Museum of Bosnia and Herzegovina

**115.** Religious book with decoration, Putna, Romania, 16<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 30 x 22 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie

**116.** Wooden altar door with six polychrome painted panels, Romania, 16<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 123 x 79 cm. © National History Museum of Romania/Ing. Marius Amarie



117



118



119

**117.** Holy Archangel Michael, oil on canvas, by Andrej Janez Herrlein, Slovenia, 18<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 187 x 123 cm. © PMB

**118.** St. Catherine, limestone sculpture, from Ptujška Gora Workshop, Slovenia, 15<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 94 cm. © PMPO

**119.** Picture of St. Anne on mirror, Slovenia, 19<sup>th</sup> c. AD, 24 x 19 cm. © PMB

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The protection of heritage in the event of natural disaster or armed conflict is also at the core of ICOM's work, supported by the Disaster Risk Management Committee (DRMC) and through its strong involvement in the Blue Shield, of which it is a founding member. In the event of a crisis, ICOM can mobilise its network of experts in the field of cultural heritage from all over the world.

In 2013, ICOM also created the first International Observatory on Illicit Traffic in Cultural Goods in order to reinforce its actions in fighting illicit traffic with a database of resources on the subject available online (<https://www.obs-traffic.museum/>).

The Red Lists have been designed as practical tools to fight the illegal trade in cultural objects. ICOM is grateful for the unwavering commitment of the experts and institutions who generously contribute to the success of the Red Lists.

All the Red Lists are available on the ICOM website: <https://icom.museum/en/>

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